## **Course Overview**

## **Diagnostic Immunology**

1.	The immune system in review
	T-cell and B cell maturation, activation, and differentiation

		inaturation, activation, and differentiation		
Course code :		LMT405		
Course title:		Diagnostic Immunology		
Level/semester:		Forth Semester		
		Theoretical: 3		
Credit hours:4		Practical: 2		
2.	Immunogenetics			
	- Major h	istocompatibility complexes		
	- Generati	on of antibody diversity		
	- Generati	on of T-cell receptor diversity		
3.	Cytokine biology			
	- Types &	properties		
	- Signal tı	ransduction pathways		
	- Biologic	eal functions		
4.	Antigen processing and presentation			
5.	<u>Diagnostic immunology - laboratory methods</u>			
	a- Detection	of antigens & antibodies		
	- Immu	no-precipitation techniques		
	- Immu	n of luorescent technique (serum,		
	im	munohistochemical & cytochem-		
	ica	al applications)		
	- Enzyn	ne immunoassays (serum, imm-		
	un	ohistochemical & cytochemical		
	ap	plications)		
	- Electro	ophoresis: types, applications.		
	- Radio	mmunoassay: types & applic-		
	ations.			
	b- Detection	n of cellular immunity		
	- Total	/ subsets of T cell estimation		

including functional assays.

- Neutrophil function (NBT) tests
- Macrophage function test (phagocytic & killing index)
- Skin tests

DTH test

ITH test

- c- Histocompatibility testing
  - Microcytotoxicity assays
  - Mixed lymphocyte culture technique
    & cell-mediated lympholysis
- d- Advanced immunological techniques
  - Hybridoma technology
  - Polymerase chain reactions
  - Nephelometry & tubidometry
  - Luminometry

## **PRACTICAL**

- A. Immunodiagnostic tests based on direct agglutination reaction:
  - Widal test for typhoid / paratyphoid fever
  - Weil Felix test for typhus fever
  - -Slide agglutination test for brucellosis
- B. Immunodiagnostic tests based on indirect (passive) agglutination reaction:
  - -C-reactive protein estimation by latex agglutination test
  - -Latex agglutination test for determination of antistreptolysin 0 titre (ASO-T)
  - -Rheumatoid factor by latex agglutination method
  - Pregnancy test by latex agglutination or agglutination inhibition technique

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C.	Immunodiagostic tests based on haem-agglutination reaction:
	- Monospot (Paul–Bunnel) test for diagnosis of infectious mononucleosis
	-Indirect haemagglutination (IHA) test for
	Echinococcosis / Toxoplasmosis
	- Haemagglutination inhibition test for rubella
	antibodies
	-Cold agglutination test for the diagnosis of primary
	atypical pneumonia
D.	Syphilis serology
	VDRL / RPR slide test
	FTA test
	TPHA test
E.	<u>Cellular immunology test</u>
	-T-lymphocyte estimation in the peripheral blood.
	- B-lymphocyte estimation in the peripheral blood